WASHINGTON.

Republican Mass Ratification Meeting.

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO RALEIGH.

The Hospitalities of the City of Richmond Tendered to Him.

Proceedings of the House Judiciary

Committee.

WASHINGTON, May 30, 1867.

Proceedings of the Judiciary Committee.

The sension of the Judiciary Committee to-day was hert, and but two witnesses appeared before it. The rincipal witness examined was General Thomas T. principal witness examined was constituted by a second of war, and who had possession of the diary of Booth from the day when it was taken from the dead body of the assassin until it was given to Judge Advocate General Holt. The testidy given, that the diary is now in precisely the condition as it was when first seen by him. He iminsions alleged to have been made to him by Payne, administration alleged to have been made to him by Payne, Atmerett and others of the parties executed for the assessination of President Lineals. The other witness was a woman, who, it seemed, was summoned by mis-take, and who knew nothing about the matters then before the committee. There is very little doubt that the Judiciary Committee will take a recess on Saturday or Monday next; but the time for reassembling has not yet been fixed upon. It is thought, however, that it will not meet meet again before July.

Carolina. The President will leave Washington on Sunday morn ing next on his way to North Carolina, arriving at Bichmond on the afternoon of that day. At a meeting of the Richmond City Council, held on Wednesday, Mr. Mc-Farland, the banker, in the chair, announced that Presi-sent Johnson would arrive in the city on Sunday after-moon on his way to Raleigh, to attend the erection of a ment to the memory of his father, and, after a few printe remarks, offered the following resolution,

Resolved, That the President of the Council be re-uested to write to his Excellency the President of the Dalted States to accept the hospitalities of the city on his journey to and from Raleigh, North Carolina.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee preceive the President:—Meesrs. McFarland, Saunders, cott, August Taylor and Styll. The President will remain in Richmond until Monday ing, and then take the train for Raleigh.

Republican Mass Meeting.

A grand republican mass ratification meeting was announced to take place this evening in front of the City Hall, at which Senators Summer and Harlan, Governor Butwell and General Howard were expected to peak. None of the big guns, however, thunder there was a large attendance, nevertheless, composed

Resolved, That in the principles of the national repub-man party of the United States we recognize all we can sire as a guide in our political future; that we adopt am as our platform, and pledge ourselves to their sup-wi, and cordially invite the co-operation of all classes our citizens, without distinction of race or color, with-tregard to former political opinions or action induced such convictions, we invite them to join us, and sign them a welcome to our ranks and a full and free ritingation in all the advantages of our organization; d. firmly believing that in the present condition of bits affairs the republican party offers the most availa-means through its organizations for the speedy summent of universal liberty and impartial justice, de hereby adopt its principles and platform as the is and platform of the Union republican party of the stated of Celumbia.

series of Columbia.

seroived, That in the loyal people of the United States their faithful representatives in the army, navy and Congress, we have witnessed an exhibition of devoto principle and of heroic self-ascrifice and of farphing discernment which, as it stands in contrast
it treason and rebellion, with defection, vensity and
reptire of every kind, may well excite the astonishat an fadmiration of the civilized provid.

Recoived, That we adopt as part of our piatform and
ardinal points in the pelicy of the Union republican
ty of this district the following propositions:—First,
as protection to all more before the courts, and coust

party of this district the following propositions:—First, squal protection to all men before the courts, and equal political rights in all respects, including the right to be juriors and to hold office; second, a system of common school education which shall give to all classes, without regard to race or color, ir-s schools and free and equal participation in all their benefits.

Resolved, That in pursuance of these paramount alms and interests we hold it to be the solemn duty of all good citizens of this District to support no man for any office who is justly suspected of disloyally to the constitution of the republic, or who denies a full and perfect equality before the law, irrespective of race or calor, or who is opposed to a fair and impartial distribution of labor among all the citizens.

constitution of the perfect equality before the law, translation of labor among all the citizans.

Resolved, That in the noble utterances of the founders of our constitution we recognize a true appreciation of the great fact that governments, to be successful, must be founded and administered on the basis of exact and county justice to all men, and that we accept as our guide the great principles enunciated by them, first and most important of which is the great and glorious truth that important each of the great and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal, are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free and equal are endowed by their all men are created free a all men are created free and squal, are endowed by their Oreastor with certain institueable rights, and that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; and we solemnly pledge, on the part of this convention and the party it represents, a strict adhesion to these senti-ments, which, for the first time in the history of this Dustrict, a political organization is in a position to adopt in spirit and action as in name. Resolved, That we, the republican party of the Dis-trict of Columbia, cherish with undying affection the memory of the illustrious author of freedom; Abraham Liacoln, who fell a martyr to a cause he so honorably and ably defended.

Mr. Stewart, of Maryland, was the first speaker, and

one of his characteristic speeches, during which he made several allusions to President Johnson's intens to nullify the Reconstruction laws, and said that aid the President fail to do his duty, Congress at its meeting in July would pass still more stringent proment that called down thunders of

City Council.

Corgo H. Hatton, the only colored candidate nomited for the City Council by the republicans, has demed the nomination, as many colored voters were disdefed with him. He desired for the sake of barmony hat a white man be substituted, and this has been done. Mid Hatton could never hold his seat if elected, as the city charter provides for the election of white men only

The Registry in Washington The registry was reopened to-day for the purpose of correction, and hundreds of names were added to the list. The municipal election will take place next Mon-

Registration in South Carolina, Registration is South Carolina it is estimated that there will be about forty-five thousand white to sixty thousand colored voters; so that there will be nothing to prevent the negroes electing a black ticket against a white ticket abould they think proper. In two Congressional districts lying along the anaboard the negroes are also in the majority. d the negroes are also in the majority. sieng the seaboard the negroes are also in the majority. In the Charleston district, which takes in several negro-solonies, such as Beaufort, they are largely in the secondant.

mendant.
Lodemption of the Notes of the First National
Bank of New Orleans.
The Comptroller of the Currency gives notice to the helders of the circulating notes of the First National Bank of New Orleans that such notes will be paid in the swful money of the United States upon presentation

the same at the Treasury of the United States.

Appointment of a Louisianian as a Member of the Soard of Vieltors to the West Point

Mr. E. A. Augamar, the special Leves Comm of Louisiana, was to-day appointed by President Johnson a member of the Board of Visitors to the West Point Military Academy from that State. The Board convenes June 1, and it is the first time since the inception of the late rebellion that Louisiana has had a representative in

The Treatment of Imperial Prisoners by General Diaz.

A translation of an efficial communication published in the Bolein de Oriente, the official paper of General Diaz, and dated headquarters at Guadalupe Hidalge, on the 18th ultimo, shows the treatment which the prison.

Chief has ordered that all those who were made prisoners at the battles of Mishuattan and La Carborda shall be set at liberty; also those captired in the Kesault upon Puebla and the forts of Gurulupe and Loreto. Among the prisoners were more than six hundred Evropeans of various nationalities. This disposition, however, does not imply their pardon, out merely permission to reside at such places as they may elect, the general government reserving the right hereafter to determine finally

Operations of the First Division of the Cur-S. M. Corke, chief of the First division of the National C arrency Bureau, has addressed the following to Sena' or Edmunds, chairman of the Joint Committee on

As the freight train from Lynchburg to Alexandria was passing Fairfax station, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, this evening, the boiler of the old engine Rapidan exploded, killing the engineer, Mr. Lynch, and the fireman, Mr. Rowe. The remains of the fireman were brought into Alexandria, but the engineer was literally blown to pieces. No other persons were injured. The Rapidan was the heaviest engine on the for the transportation of treeps and supplies.

Application, for a Parden by Appleton Oaksemith—Protest of Mrs. Oaksemith and a Parden Refused.

Appleton Oaksmith, who was convicted some years

age in Boston, Mass, of being engaged in the slave trade, and who escaped to Europe, has made applica-tion to the President for a pardon. Before anything was done towards the granting of the paydon Oaksmith's wife appeared at the White House and protested against the issuance of the pardon, on the grounds that he had

wickedly and unjustly procured a divorce from her. The President, under these circumstances, has refused te take any action whatever upon the application, and the pardon is refused.

There is authority for stating that Chief Justice Chase has completed—excepting in four or five cases—his nominations and recommendations for Registers in Bankruptcy. The whole power of appointment is with the courts, to which his nominations and recommendations have been addressed. It is useless, therefore, to address any further communications to the Chief Justice

Selzure of Illicit Whiskey in North Carolina. Large quantities of whiskey have recently been seized in Union, Rockingham and adjoining counties, in North Carolina, for evading the Internal Revenue law.

Survey of Indian Reservations in Kansas-The Secretary of the Interior has concluded a contract with Colonel Samuel S. Smoot, of Minnesota, to make survey of the western portion of the Great and Little Osage Indian reservations in Kansas, lying west of the Arkan-mas river to the hundredth meridian, or old Spanish line, amounting to 2,000,000 acres, which were ceded in trust to the United States by a treaty with those Indians. Sep-tember 29, 1865, and will be sold for the benefit of the owner. They form a spiendid agricultural country, upon which the people of Kansas have long desired to make purchase. The territory is about thirty miles south of where General Hancock had his recent talk with the Cheyennes, and it had been a matter of doubt for some time that the Indians were the rightful posfor some time that the Indians were the rightful posmesors. Last year a contract was entered into to survey to the Arkansas, supposing that to be the westers
boundary of the reservations, until recent investigations
proved it to extend to the old Spanish line. Colonel
Smoot has entered his hond, amounting to \$117,000, and
will leave here in a few days to commence operations.
The Military Reservation of Fort Snelling
Suspended.

Major General A. H. Terry, commanding the Department of Dakota, on the 23d inst announced that in
accordance with instructions from the Secretary of War
the order establishing the military reservation at Fort

Projected Survey of the Savannah River.

A Savannah paper has information that the government intends ordering to that city this summer a corps survey of the whole river. This work will directly em brace the entire channel, and may possibly be delayed until the fall.
Paymasters Ordered Mustered out of the

The following Paymanters, it is understood, have been ordered to be honorably mustered out of the service, at the dates mentioned, on account of their services being no longer required:—J. D. Atwell, C. S. Jones and J. M. Newell, on the 1st of June next; H. Oimstedt, R. S. Webb, W. P. Gould, O. T. Twomy, F. A. Hixson, A. P. Shreve and H. G. Neins, on the lat of July

Republican Club in Richmond. A large number of both white and colored citizens met last evening, in Richmond, Va., to initiate steps for the organization of a republican club in that city. Addresses to complete preliminary matters the meeting adjourned to Tuesday evening next, when it is supposed the club

Trial by Military Commission in South Carolina.

James Dodd, of Fayetteville, N. C., who was tried and equitted at Bennetisville, S. C., by the civil authori on the charge of receiving stolen goods, was on Friday last taken from that place to Darlington, S. C., to be tried by a military commission for the same offence. He was arrested immediately after his acquittal and put back in jail by the military authorities. He will be tries

on the first Monday in July next. MAYAL INTELLIGENCE.

Arrival of the Steamer Chocura. The United States steamship Chocura, from the Gulf squadron, and last from Key West, on the 25th instant, arrived at this port yesterday. She has been in active of commission at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Her officers are as follows:—

are as follows:

Lieutenant Commander—A. R. Gaten.
Acting Past Assistant Surgeon—R. F. Brooks.
Acting Past Assistant Surgeon—R. F. Brooks.
Acting Paymaster—John R. Carmedy.
Engineers—Acting First Assistant, E. P. Bartlett; Acting Second Assistants, J. A. B. King and George S. Odell; Acting Firld Assistants, Robert Caruthwaits and Louis Jacobs.
Acting Master—Thomas Stothard.
Acting Ensigns—F. Elines and George E. Thomas.
Commander's Clerk—James Rocce.
Mate—W. B. Howland.

Miscellaneous.

Commodore B. I. Totten, detached from the Naval Asylum at Philadelphis on the 30th of June next, and placed on waiting orders.

Captain Dominick Lynch, detached from duty as Naval Storekeeper as Philadelphis Navy Yard on the 30th of June next, and ordered to report on that day at the Naval Asylum at Philadelphia.

Lieutenant Commander J. F. Skirrett, detached from the Naval Rendezvous at Washington, D. C., and ordered to report on the lat of June next for the command of the naval apprentice ship at Portsmouth.

Assistant Surgeon F. W. Winderlick, detached from the Naval Hospital at Pensacola, Fla., and ordered to the receiving ship Vermont at New York.

Acting Ensign J. C. Lord, detached from the New Hampshire, and granted leave of absence for honorable dischargs.

dischargs.

Commander Aaron W. Weaver, ordered to command of the Naval Rendezvous at Washington on the 25th inst.

Lieutenant Commander W. W. Henderson, ordered to the naval apprentice ship Portamouth.

Acting Ensign J. R. Russell, ordered to the New Acting Second Assistant Engineers Wm. L. Sloat and Geo. W. Kidder, ordered to the Susquehanna Acting Master R. T. Wyatt, has been honorably dis-

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

Captain H. P. Booker, Forty-fifth infantry, has been ranted twenty days' delay in joining his regiment.
Captain L. R Honey, Thirty-third infantry, and Brevet clonel Larrod, have been granted three months' leave rith permission to go beyond the sea.
Second Lieutenant Robert Neily, Forty-first infantry, ranted sizur days' leave. Second Lieutenant Robert Nelly, North-Surgeon, has prevet Captain E. T. Darkin, Assistant Surgeon, has been relieved from duty in the Department of the East, and ordered to report to the Medical Director of the Fourth Military District for assignment.

Brevet Major W. H. Nash has been announced as Chief the Ports of Subsistance of the Third military district, THE PRIZE RING.

SPECIAL TELEGRAP TO THE HERALD. Porthcoming Pight Between Agron Jones and
Mike McCool.
Channan, May 30, 1867.

At half-past ten o'clock this evening Aaron Jones and Mike McCool met in this city and put up a forfeit of and sign articles to fight, ten weeks hence, for one thou will take place in the vicinity of this city.

TERRIBLE CALAMITY IN NORFOLK, VA.

Failing of Two Houses-Several Persons Buried Beneath the Ruins-A Woman's Dead Body Exhumed-Narrow Escapes-Gloom in the City, &c.

About eight o'clock this morning Norfolk was thrown into intense excitement by the falling of two brick tene-ment houses, situated on the west side of Market Square, mens noused, structed on the week and it has been depended from cellar to garret—the lower floors as rotall grocery stores. When the houses were seen falling by the ladies and gentlemen crowding the pavements in the immediate vicinity, and who were busy purchasing marketing, the utmost alarm and excitement existed among them in their efforts to escape impending death. People rushed against care, wagons and horses, and several were knocked down. A dense cloud of dust enveloped the scene, rendering it imand every one assisted in the sad duty of exhuming the remains of the killed. Thus far none of the victims hire, who was last seen endeavoring to rescue her child. She was horribly mutilated and must have died instantly. It is difficult to state how many are buried beneath the ruins. Workmen were busy this afternoon the digging of a foundation for a new building just ad-joining the destroyed houses. The event has spread deaths filling the public mind with midness. Many narrow escapes were made. One lady, hearing the protected her from being crushed to death.

Proposed Erection of a Training School for Freedmen. in Virginia, by the American Missionary Association.

FORTERS MOXROS, May 28, 1867.

The American Rissionary Association of New York recently purchased the Wood Farm, or "Little Scotland," as it is sometimes called, containing about one hundred and fifty acree of good farming land, situated on the east and fifty acree of good farming land, situated on the east side of Hampton creek. The price paid was \$19,000. The Association design putting into operation, by next fall, a training school for colored teachers. Pupils are to be received from all parts of the country, and furnished with an excellent education to qualify them for their destined positions in life. In the centre of this purchase is a large anticoal cometery, containing about five thousand soldiers' graves. Should the training school succeed an attempt will be made to establish a first class normal school or colored college. The education of the negro is now generally viewed by the inhabitants of this vicinity as the only wise and judicious course to elevate him from the degradation to which he has been so long subjected.

THE CHARLESTON BLOCKADE RUNNERS.

The Firm of John Frazer & Co. in Court. Charged with Blockade Ruuning — An Injunction Granted to Prevent the Sale of their Real Estate, &c.

Onariston, S. C., May 30, 1867.

In the United States District Court to-day a bill of complaint was filed by District, Attorney Corbin against Charles H. Prioleau, Theodore D. Wagner, James F. Welsmon, M. F. Trenholm, George L. Trenholm and John B. Lafette, members of the firm of John Frazer & Co., charging them with a violation of the laws of the United States in blockade running operations, and claiming that in other respects they are accountable to the government. Judge Bryron, upon hearing the bill, granted an injunction restraining the aforeand parties from disposing of real estate now held by them.

SOUTHERN MATTERS-POLITICAL AND SOCIAL.

The New Orleans Republican (natical), May 24, is gratified to find that nine-tenths of its exchanges sustain the vigorous administration of General Pope, but regrets that General Sheridan has so far fallen short of the expectations of the party and press that placed him in power. "If we are," it says, "to have a copperhead military government here, the quicker we know it the better; for, thank God, an extra session of Congress can be called on the lat of July." The Republican then slashes into General Sheridan, all "by way of kindness," it pretends:—"In criticious the administration of General Sheridan we shall prove ourselves to be his best friends. No man, be he an angel from heaven, can long hold the affections of the people by overlocking the most diabolical crimes and refusing to arrest the perpetrators of them when it is clearly in his power to perpetrators of them when it is clearly in his power to bring them to justice. When General Sheridan orders the arrest of the July rioters, when he removes the Chief of Police, when he decapitates the Sheriff, when he dis-plays one-half the nerve and boldness of General Pope, when he executes the Military bill in letter and in spirit, then he will find us his warmest friends; and no one more ready to sound his praises throughout the land."

The New Orleans Times describes the "rule of modern tion" of the republican party before a Presidential election to be the "gentle wagging of the lion's tail when h tion to be the "gentle wagging of the lion's tail when he has his victim's head in his mouth." The Times continues.—"It may be that the Southern States, reorganized under the Military acts, will be admitted into the Union for the purpose of adding their vote to that of the republican candidate for the Presidency. In this point of view the address of the republican committee is intelligible and explicable. It is necessary to reorganize them in such a manner that they will vote the republican ticket. This end seems to be the aim of even the most moderate of the republican leaders. At the bottom of all their declarations as to the necessity of a reconstruction of the Union there is the evident idea that no reconstruction is desirable, or even tolerable, that does not assure the continued supremency of the republican party."

The same paper complains of the refusal of the regis-

trars to give the press access to their records, in order that the public may be furnished daily with exact figures, showing the numbers of whitee and blacks regisfigures, showing the numbers of whites and blacks registered. In view of official figures the Yimes estimates as follows:—About five days ago, in round numbers, thirteen thousand blacks and nine thousand whites had been registered, and every day since the number of whites has been approaching nearer to equality. "If our people," it says, "will but keep steadily on the march, never halting for a day or an hour, all may yet be well."

The New Orleans Commercial Bulletin, of May 24, referring to a correspondence between the New Orleans Chamber of Commerce and the representative of the Central Committee of the late River Convention, says:—

"The committee is fully authorized to needed our response."

Central Committee of the late River Convention, mays:—
"The committee is fully authorized to pledge our people for all the co operation in their power for removing the obstructions at the mouth of the Mississippi. We may even assume to predict that our colored fellow citizens will cast the weight of their newly acquired political power in favor of any national expenditure necessary to improve the channel and restrain the mundations of the Mississippi. We learn that the Northeestern influence in Compress is to be erganized and brought to bear in favor of this great measure. An active opposition is apprehended from the creas railroad and canal interests. Possibly the South may arrive on the ground before the combat is decided, and as our scruping against receiving federal appropriations for this great object have been pretty well conquered out of us, it is highly probable we shall succeed is obtaining them.

conquered out or us, it is injury product the control of the contr

wind in the South seems to be in a "Northwesterly direction just at this time.

The New Orieans Pribuse (colored), May 24, inquires "how will the colored people vote?" and answers the question satisfactorily to itself by orscularly declaring "they will vote the republican ticket," giving as reasons:—"Because they know that by doing so they secure for themselves a just government under which they will enjoy all the rights belonging to American citizens. They will do so because, by means of a republican government they will be able to educate their children, receive justice in the couris of law, enjoy the peaceful occupation and enjoyment of their property, and have all other bleesings belonging to citizenship. They will do so because they desire not only to participate in making, but also is administering the government."

It was foolishly rumored about town, says the same Tribuse, a day or two since, that General Sheridan would

It was foolishly rumored about lown, says the same Pribuse, a day or two since, that General Sheridan would interfere with the contemplated grand torchlight procession of the republicans of New Orleans, on Saturday evening next. The General desires the procession to be held, because he finishes that all citizens shall be allowed full enjoyment of their rights. He desires a full, free canvans, and he regards the contemplated procession as a proper element of the political campaign which is

a proper element of the positions campaigness are proper element of the positions campaigness.

The Pribuse then advises its friends, who desire "success and an honorable political record," to turn out, and so deport themselves in the torchight procession as to attract the approbation of all right-minded citizens.

The other republican paper (white) cries out the same day:—"Hurrah for General Sheridan!" and then begins these incendiaries, all

to "talk iron," thus:—"Rioters, thugs, incendiaries, all who in any way aided, abetted, encouraged or cheered on the work of murdering the innocest last July, awake from your peaceful slumbers; 'git up,' 'git out,' 'wamcooe,' 'end,' 'akadaddle 'wampeda.' 'eg it,' 'streak it,' for the blood of the hero of the Shenandoah is up,'' That's the difference between black and white is New Orlans.

THE TURF.

best three in five, in harness, and was regarded with such interest by amateurs as to attract a large number of visitors to the Union Course during the afternoon. Vanterbilt and Patchen had met once before in a race, in which the former was defeated, and out of which, it is believed, the present match originated. Vanderbilt has had several engagements during the past two years, which have resulted in establishing his reputation as a very swift but not altogether reliable trotter. Patchen has had very few single engagements, if any, within our reco since his return from California, his principal feats here having been his hippodromic performances with Dexter in their travelling exhibitions throughout the country. He was known, however, to be a horse of great speed— and many believed him quite equal to his famous sire, a belief, however, that all horsemen do not concur in. He was strongly supported yesterday, and before the first heat, which was a dead one, was the choice in pool selling at nearly three to one, twenty-five to seventy being the curren was the coice in pool selling at nearly tarce to one, twenty-five to seventy being the current quotation. After the first heat speculation was at an end, and doubts of his ability to win the race began to manifest themselves. These were by no means disaipated by the result of the second heat, which, although decided in Patchen's favor, was nevertheless se very close as almost to justify it being called a dead one also, he winning by barely a neck. The next heat, however, was so declaive in its character as to justify the expoctations of his friends, and to put an end to all speculation as to the result of the race, the last half mile of it being trotted in 1:11. The time made as a whole was nothing remarkable, the best heat being trotted in 2:28, but yet was sufficiently fast to save the time bets, which were mostly about that figure, and none below, we believe, as the track was rather unfavorable for fast time. While the race was progressing there was considerable conversation among those present relative to a match between Ethan Allen or Honest Allen on one side, with a running mate, and Dexter in harness, the affair of Wednesday on the Fashion Course, when a heat was made in 2:19, having produced a marked effect on the patrons of the turf. Should a match of this character be made, it will probably be the first of the kind, and draw together such a crowd as was never before seen on a trotting track. The following are the principal points of the race of yesterday:—

First Heat.—After scoring a couple of times, in the

a crowd as was never before seen on a trotting track. The following are the principal points of the race of yesterday:—

Pirst Heat.—After scoring a couple of times, in the first of which Patchen proved unsteady as he approached the score, they got a very good send off, with Patchen on the inside and leading, slightly. The pace was very fast as they rounded the turn. Before they reached the lead, and after a struggle, which lasted some yards, was passed by Vanderbilt. Patchen soon recovered his gait, and at the heaf-mile pole was about alf a length or the lead, and after a struggle, which lasted some yards, was passed by Vanderbilt. Patchen soon recovered his gait, and at the heaf-mile pole was about a length behind Vanderbilt. He soon after left his feet again, and at the three-quarters was some two lengths in the rear. The contest, which had been extremely spirited throughout, soon increased in interest as they swung into the homestretch, Patchen making so determined and vigorous an effort for supremacy that he reached Vanderbilt just as they arrived at the score, making it a dead heat, in 2:28.

Second Heat.—Nearly an hour was spent in scoring; but at length they got off, with Vanderbilt on the inside and leading; Patchen not on his gait. As they rounded the turn Vanderbilt increased the distance between them so rapidly meanwhile that he reached the haif-mile six or saven lengths in front. After passing that point Patchen somewhat decreased the distance between them, although acting unsteadily, and at the three-quarter pole was about four lengths in the rear of his competitor. Being now on his gait, however, he rallied himself for a final effort, and, after an intensely exciting and brilliant struggle, outcord Vanderbilt to the score, which he reached but a neck in advance, in 2:3114.

Third Heat.—There was less time wasted now in

score, which he reached but a neck in advance, in 2:313.

Third Heat.—There was less time wasted now in scoring than in the previous heat. After a few attempts they got the word and west off at a telling gait. Upon reaching the turn Patchen broke, and Vanderbilt took a lead of two lengths at the quarter. Patchen acted badly, and, between running and trotting, managed to reach the half-mile three or four lengths behind Vanderbilt, who was going steadily all the time. After leaving that point Patchen trotted rapidly for a few moments, but soon again broke up. He recovered his trot before reaching the three-quarter pole a couple of lengths behind Vanderbilt, and made a renewed and desperate effort for the heat up the homestretch. He succeeded in passing Vanderbilt about a hundred yards from the score, and then indulged himself with another break, but lost nothing by the mishap, and finally reached home a couple of lengths in advance of his antagonist, in 2:33.

Fourth Heat.—It was now growing late, and many of

unable to maintain the tend, and both horses reached the quarter together. Along the backstretch they went side and side, Patchen apparently under a hard poll, until nearing the half-mile Vanderbilt broke up and gave his adversary so decided an advantage that at the three-quarter pole he was five or six lengths ahead. The race was now virtually at an end, Vanderbilt being unable to press Patchen on the homestretch, who came home lessurely—several lengths ahead—a winner of the heat and race in 2:35%.

The following is the sammary of the race:—

Umon Couras, L. I., Thursday, May 30.—Trotting match for \$2,000, mile heats, best three in five in harness.

J. Lovett named b. a. George N. Patchen..... 0 1 2 1
D. Pfifer named b. a. Commodors Vanderbilt. 0 2 2 2

Time, 2:28-2:81 16-2:33-2:35 K.

Buckeye Races at Cincin

Racing at St. Louis-Fifth Day.

Tretting on the Union Course.

Testerday was the day appointed for the contest be tween the noted stallions George N. Patchen and Cotamodore Vanderbilt. It was a match for \$2,000, mile heats.

The Buckeye races were well attended toand three-quarter miles, for all ages, for a purse of \$300), eight horses started, and the race was won by W. R. Cook's Colonel Grigsby—time, 3:14%. The horswas soid for \$320. For the second race, two mile heats for all ages, purse \$500, Alexander entered Ansel Whaley entered Weldon's Billy Conner. Ansel distanced Conner in the first heat—time, 3:51%.

LACINDS ASSOCIATION, May 24.—First race—stake for our year olds, two mile heats, four to fill, and three

NAME DAT.—Purse for \$200, for an ages, wp. mile bests.

W. H. Renfro entered b. m. Mammona, by Sovereign, dam Miriam, by Giencos, aged.

S. Leonard entered ch. h. Ringmaster, by Ringgold, dam Minnie Mansfield, by Giencos, 6 years old.

A. St. Clair entered ch. h. Veto, by Lexington, dam Mins Lightfoot, 5 years old.

A. Waddle entered br. h. Mat Allon, by Big Boston, dam Mode, by imp. Onus, 6 years old.

s L'Escurial, by the Nabob-Boug-la-

and third, Flambant was fifth, just in Brent of Mon Solvil; and Soulouque the absolved het.

PRIX DO CHEMINE ON FAR DU NOSE Of 60 Acres, given by the Northern Railway Company, for invess of all countries; 3 year olds and upwards. Entrance 6 acres, each, b. ft.; 3 year olds, 7st. 11lb.; 4 year olds, 9st. 6lb.; 5 year olds, 10st. 1lb.; 6 year olds and aged, 10st. 6lb. The winner to be seld for 240 sov. Two miles.

M. Delayer's Sephora, by Floria-Honogymon, 3 years, 18t. 11lb.

ish Illb.

M. Delatre's Anglo-Saxon, 5 years, 10st, 1lb.

M. Delatre's Anglo-Saxon, 5 years, 10st, 1lb.

Gount F. de Lagrange's Palestrina, 3 years, 7st, 1lb.

M. F. Lemaitre's Neurod, 3 years, 7st, 1lb.

Betting.—Even on Anglo-Saxon, who made the running to the distance, and appeared to be winning easily, when Kitchener brought up Sephora, and the two ran together to the winning post, the judge's flat being in favor of Sephora by a short head; bad third.

Racing in New Zenland

Mr. W. L. Dorset's br. g. Volunteer, aged, 10st.

71bs... Mr. W. Welch's b. g. Rangitoto, aged, 10st. 71bs... Mr. G. Donovan's g. g. Rowdy, aged, 10st. 71b... Mr. John Smith's ch. g. Scotchman, 6 years, 10st. 71bs. Tibs. 0

THE SURPRISE STAKES.—Value £25, added to a sweepstake of 3 sove each p. Open to all horses. Gentlemen riders. Weights, 8 yrs. old, 9 st.; 4 yrs., 10st.; 5 yrs., 11st.; 6 yrs. and aged, 11st. 7 lbs. Heats, 1½ miles.

miles.

Mr. W. L. Dorset's br. g. Volunteer, aged. 2

Mr. Fuller's r. m. Old Kit, aged. 2

Mr. Fuller's r. m. Old Kit, aged. 2

Mr. Fuller's r. m. Old Kit, aged. 2

Mr. J. Day's o m. Policy, four years. 3

Mr. J. Day's o m. Policy, four years. 3

Mr. J. Day's o m. Policy, four years. 3

Mr. W. Welch's b. g. Rangitoto, aged. 3

Mr. W. Hannab's g. f. Willow Holme, 4 years. 3

Mr. John Fuller's c. g. Robin Hood, 4 years. 3

Mr. John Fuller's c. g. Robin Hood, 4 years. 3

Hermit, the Winner of the Late Derby, and Sociusion. He was marked as being a very fine year-ling, and realized at Mr. Blenkison's sale the large sum

ling, and realized at Mr. Blenkison's sale the large sum of one thousand guineas (\$5,000 in gold).

He was backed at a short price for the Derby long before he appeared in public. On his first appearance, which was at Newmarket, in the second spring meeting, he became an immense favorite for a £900 sweepstakes, but was beaten by Cellina. He then appeared at Bath, where he beat Cellina after a good race by a neck, notwithstanding he met her on six pounds worse terms than when she beat him at Newmarket. His next essay was at Epsom, where he was easily beaten by Achieve-ment. At Ascot he beat a field of fifteen, the Dragon

was at Epsom, where he was easily beaten by Achievement. At Ascot he beat a field of fifteen, the Dragon included. From Ascot Hermit journeyed to Stockbridge, where he achieved a brace of victories. He did not run after that until the late event, as the bets on him for the Derby were so enormous that his friends did not like to risk an intermediate training. His owner, Mr. Chaplin, had one bet of £50,000 with Sir Joseph Hawley, who backed the Palmer against him.

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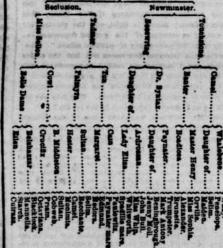
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Mr. Chaplin had one bet of £50,000 with Sir Joseph Hawley, who backed the Palmer against him.

Mr. Chaplin made his first appearance in 1864, when he bought Breadalbane and Broomielaw, two prominent favorities for the Derby of hers, the Marquis of Hastings, ran off with the lady.

The same year that Breadalbane and Broomielaw were to figure in the Derby, the Marquis had two great favorities entered, The Duke and Kangaroo, and the rivalry between the two gentlemen was immeass. They both had their respective friends and backers, but neither of them was destined to carry off the Blue Ribbon, as Gladinteer won in a canter. Ever since they have both had varied success. Last year Mr. Chaplin wentwenty-eight races and £14,456 in stakes, and the Marquis of Hastings seventleen races and £13,196, which makes them pretty even.

The following is the pedigree of Hermit, the winner of the late Derby to Hermit.



An Australian Raccherse for the English

An Australian Raccherse for the English
Turf.

We learn from the Sydney Sporting Life of March 25
that Mr. Tait is contemplating sending his colt. The
Barb, to England, in order that the "best colt over bred
in Australia" may try his speed against the best horses
in the old country. Every person who takes an interest
in the colonial turf will be glad to see Mr.
Tait carry his intention into effect, and will
heartily wish him success. No horse bred in
Australia has ever yet been raced in Great
Britain, and should The Barb be shipped at Sydney and
landed safely in England, his appearance on the English turf would be an event of no inconsiderable interest
in the sporting world. The only Australian bred horse,
so far as we know, for which a similar honor was ever
contemplated, was Sir Hercules, the sire of The Barb;
and his breeder, Mr. C. Smith, in Sydney, had gone so
far as to take a passage for his colt, when two years of
age, and had his box made and fitted for the voyage,
The death of Mr. Smith prevented this intention being
realized, as, just previously to the departure of the vassei that was to have conveyed Sir Hercules to England,
Mr. Smith expired suddenly, and the whole of his
valuable horses were sold in the colony. Seeing the
good service Sir Bercules has done as a sire, both in New
South Wales and this colony, we need not regret that
the experiment of sending an Australian colt to England
was not made at that time, but we shall be exceedingly
pleased to hear of Mr. Talk sending home a son of Sir
Hercules.

ROWING HATCH AT POUGHKEEPSIE.

ROWING MATCH AT POUGHKEEPSIE.

The first aquatic contest under the auspices of the Eagle Aquatic Association took place here to-day. The contestants were George W. Davids, local editor of the Daily Eagle, and A. S. Gidley of the same paper. The race was rowed in fourteen feet working boats, Davids rowing the Hattle and Gidley the Una, distance one mile and return. Davids won in 25 minutes 39 seconds

Gidley's time was 25 minutes 13% seconds.

The Poughkeepsie Ice Boat Association and a number of amateur earsmen were in attendance.

THE CHAMPION CHESS MATCH-THE NEW YORKER STILL

PHIL ADELPHIA, May 30, 1867. The chese match, fifth game, lasted over six hours, when Reichelm resigned. McKenzie has now won four

BROWNLOW'S MILITIA.

Trouble Existing in Consequence of Outrages by the Militia-Indignation Meeting of Citi-zens-The People Recommended to Protect Thomselves if the President will Not. Manufacture, Tenn., May 30, 1867.

Much trouble exists in Franklin county, caused by the

proceedings of Browniow's militis. The citizens held a meeting at Winchester, on Wednesday night, at which it was reported that the militis had taken a man named Brown, and shot him dead, and had shot at another cit sen. Many persons were said to be hiding to avoid being killed. The President of the United States has been petitioned to protect the lives and property of the people. Should be fall to do this the people are recom-mended to protect themselves.

CHARLESTON, May 30, 1867. General Sickles leaves Charleston to-morrow for Raleigh, to meet President Johnson.

GENERAL SICKLES TO MEET PRESIDENT JOHNSON AT RALEIGH

St. Paul, May 30, 1867. George Haver and Mrs. E. B. Stubbe, from Michigas, were drowned in Lake Minnebaha on Monday, while

AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Masic, Brocklyn.

The theatre-going community of our sister City of Churches seem determined to avail themselves of the few remaining epportunities to enjoy the acting of Miss Maggie Mitchell before her departure for Europe. Less night she enacted Marie in the Pearl of Savoy to threnged house, and was frequently and enthusias applauded for her success in giving animation to a drama which, as a literary effort, is hardly worthy of a place in any theatrical repertoirs. The piece was elegantly mounted, and Miss Mitchell was well sustained by the

Park Theatre, Brooklyn. A dramatic version of Fra Diavolo, under the title of The Brigand, was given at the Park theatre last even-The Brigand, was given at the Park theatre last evening. The afterplece, however, was the pièce de resiscase, and in it full scope was given for exhibiting the
powers of the company. Miss Alice Benedict won new
laurels for her impersonation of Paul in the Pet of the
Petticoats, a comic but somewhat broad drama, and was
moored for her singing, as also was Miss Laura Queen.
Messrs. Meslayer and Chippendale were also cast in good
rôles, and reudered them successfully and satisfaccastorite.

Kelly & Leon's Minstrels.

A queue of anxious patrons keeps Mr. Parks' hands busy every night at this establishment, and hundreds of upturned faces witness the "terrific" flight of the cork dyed Japanese from the roof to the stage. Broad grins are the result of Eph Horn and Neiss Sepmour's extrava gances. The coryphose and dusky dameuses attl) dis-port themselves in Cinder-Leon, and all go away in the best of humor at ten sharp each night.

San Francisco Minetrela.

The burly Birch, the melodious Wambold, the sedate
Bernsrd and the comic Backmanill draw like a quadruple
magnet, a patent corkscrew er a double team on a racing
day. The imperial Japanese troupe, imported expressly
from No. 885 Broadway, the African ballet and the Flying Scud, are still on the boards and will be as long as their patrons are capable of a langh. The trouble com-mences at eight. The "cheerful burlesquee" immedi-

A new Hibernian drama of "intense interest," entitled McMurrough's Sword, in which a number of the chivalry of the Emerald Isle vest patriction and anti-Anglicism to an alarming extent, takes possession of the boards at this popular cast side establishment this week. Tony sings new songs by the dozen, the bellet is charming as ever, the boneless wonder performs extraordinary feats, and the rest of the programme is as varied and amusing as ever.

To judge from the numerous audiences which nightly bestow their plaudits upon the performances of the above celebrated troupe d'Ethtope, Christy & Griffin's Minstreis will long continue to hold the award of popularity, which seems, by almost unanimous accord, to be allotted to them. A numerous audience were in attend-ance last night, each member of which seemed fully to recognize the truth of the old adage that "a hearty laugh is the best of medicine." George Christy, as usual, kept the house in a roar, and Griffin, Burbank. Fred. Abbott and Boyce contributed their due quota to the en-joyment of the audience.

Hooley's Opera House, Brooklyn.

The sensation for the present week at this cosy and The sensation for the present week at this cosy and popular place of amusement is the side-splitting burlesque on the imperial Japanese troupe, which is received nightly with the applause of a large and delighted audience. The amazing feats of Hooley's Japanese troupe create in their way a real sensation among the audience, and the piece passes off in the smoothest manner possible. Multigan, Hughes and Reed, in their various comicalities, continue nightly to provoke mirthful applause, and are always encored. Messra Stewart and Parker, cloggists, are the latest secessions to the star troupe, and have met with great favor.

Regulari and Dramatic Gossip.

Carlotta Patti is likely to bring the world of Paris to her feet. It is more than probable she will grow to be the special favorite of the season, and to become as much sought after in the concert room as Adelina is on the stage. It is fortunate that the two renowned sistersians can revolve separately in their orbits without interfering with each other. Two such burning lights on the stage or in the concert room would threaten the demolition of one. Now each has her allotted sphere, and may illumine her share of the world spart.

The mass which Lists has composed for the corona-tion of the Emperor of Austria as King of Hungary, was to be conducted by himself in person; but an ancient custom confers the honor on all such occasions upon eister of the Court of Vienna, and from this

Before Malie. Adelina Patti left Paris for London, signed with M. Bagier for next season of eight months, to commence the 1st September. Up to the presen time the young diva has sung one hundred and thirty times in Paris, and the receipts of her performances amount altogether to the sum of 2,564,500 france—an average of 11,150 francs (£445)—per evening.

Galigmani announces the death of the once celebrated singer, Madame Persiani, who died a few days eince at Passy, near Paris, of apoplexy. Madame Persiani was born in 1818, and was the daughter of Signor Tachinardi,

Italian Opera from its commencement for several years, and retired from the stage in 1550, settling as a teacher

The American planes are sweeping away all opposition before them at the Exposition. The most distinguished artists in Paris have testified the superiority of those instruments over the vaunted makers of England, France Jebin Prome starts for Europe from Canada this week.

He was to give a farewell concert in Quebec on the 27th Carlo Patti gave a concert at Montgomery, Ala., on the The spectacle of the Seven Sisters is creating a furers

in Savannah this week. Mme, Fleury Urban is in New Orleans. The Buislay Brothers are performing their wonderful feats at the Fair Grounds, New Orleans. Miss Emilie Melville is playing at De Bar's Opera

House, St. Louis, Dan Bryant's farewell appearance on the 25th at delphia, was an immense success. He aped in six different characters.

The Sea of Ice fills the Wainut, Philadelphia, the week. Joseph Jefferson will succeed it.

Hartz is doing well at the Concert Hall, Philadelphia. Mrs. Lander, nic Miss Jean Davenport, appeared for the last time in the rôle of Queen Elizabeth at the Phile-

delphia Academy on the 27th. Theodore Habelmann is about lmann is about to make a debut in Eng. lish opers with the Richings troups.

Robert Goldbeck played at Croeby's Music Hall, Cai-

cago, on the 27th. Maguiro's Imperial Japanese troupe (second party) opened at Crosby's Opera House on the 27th. Charles Kean appeared at the Prince of Wales theatre, Liverpool, on the 20th inst., for the last time as Hamis Mrs. D. P. Bowers will conclude her Cleveland ene

James W. Wallack and E. L. Davenport are playing

his week in Providence, R. I.

Mr. Robert Butler will open with a fine variety of pany at Mechanics' Hall (Bryant's) on June S.

Miss Julia Dean gave a matines of Leah the Forma at the Opera House, Leavenworth, on the 25th. The German opera troupe at the Chesnut, Philadel-phia, gave the Huguenots on the 28th inst. The dra-

ence on June 3, with the oratorio of the Messiah. The charming comedience Mine Lotta is playing in lochester this week.

The Alleghanians and Swies bell ringers were in Newark this week.

At the Brooklyn matines of the Japanese on Friday next each of the audience will be presented with "All

Right's" cards.

Miss Saille Hinckley is playing in the Biack Crook at
Maguire's Opera House, San Francisco, and the Martinetti troupe in the Sinck Rook at the Metropolisan in the same city.

. THE SENATORIAL EXCURSIONISTS.

The Senatorial excursion party, for Omaha and the plains, arrived here to-day at soon, and left via to Northwestern Railroad at three o'clock this afternoon The party expect to be gone some weeks.